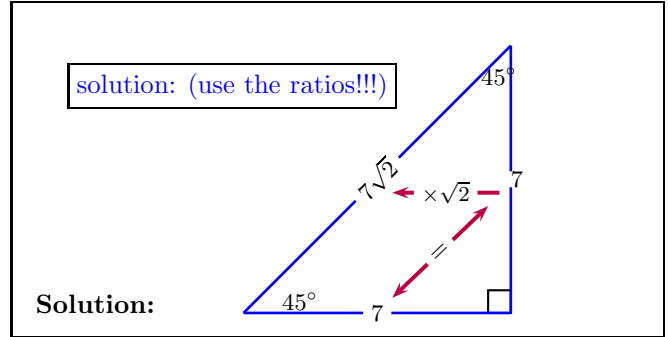
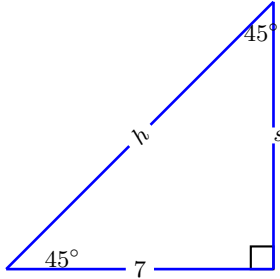
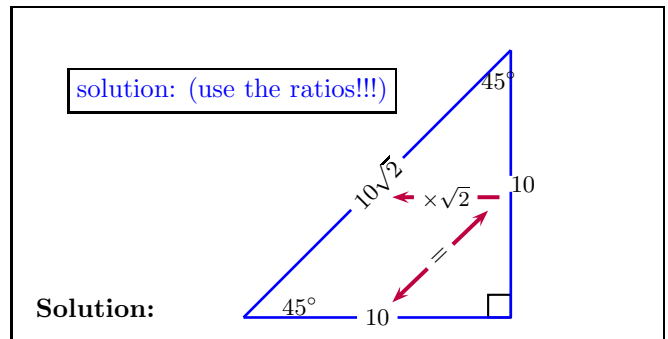
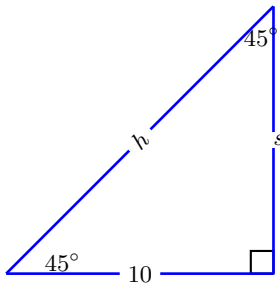


1. Observer the following 45-45 Triangle, with only one side given, then determine the other two sides.



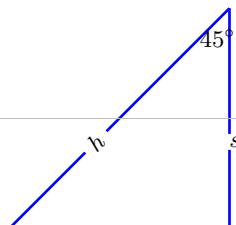

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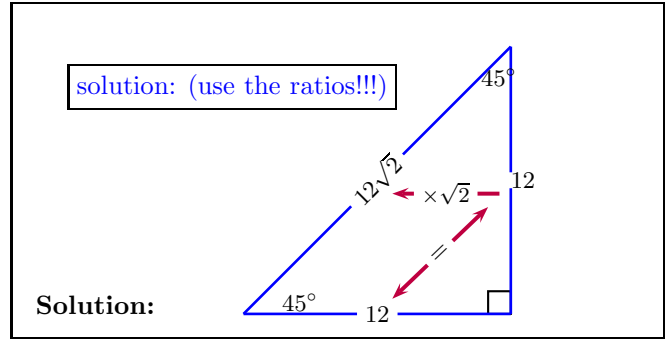
2. Observer the following 45-45 Triangle, with only one side given, then determine the other two sides.



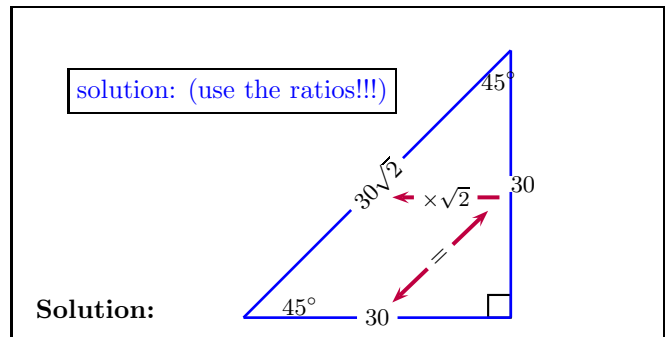
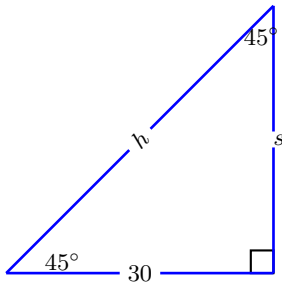

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3. Observer the following 45-45 Triangle, with only one side given, then determine the other two sides.

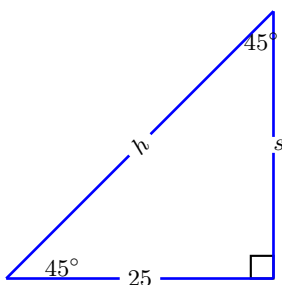


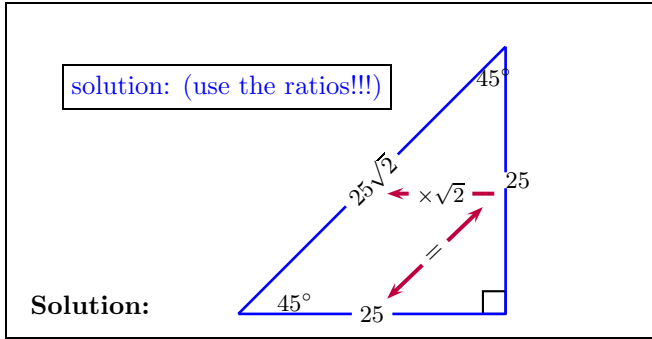


4. Observer the following 45-45 Triangle, with only one side given, then determine the other two sides.

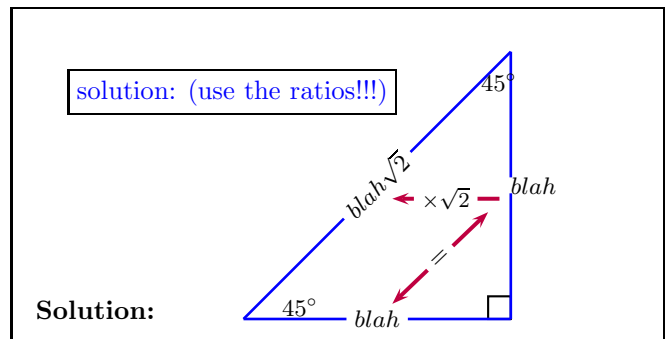
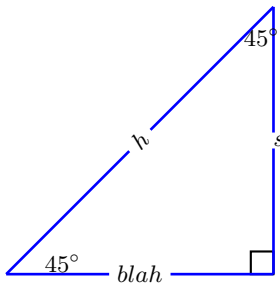


5. Observer the following 45-45 Triangle, with only one side given, then determine the other two sides.

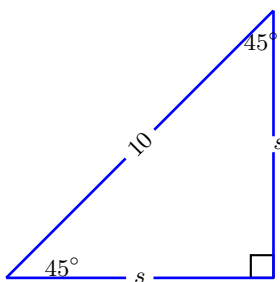


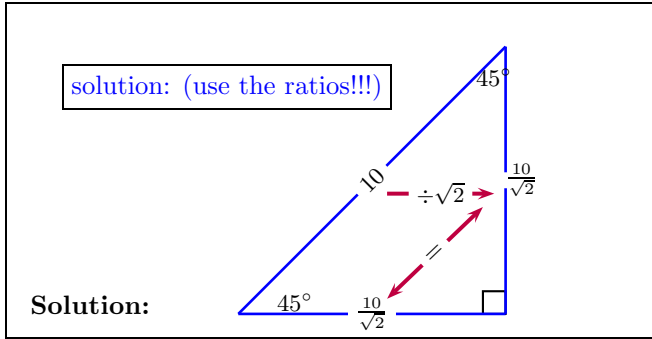


6. Observer the following 45-45 Triangle, with only one side given, then determine the other two sides.

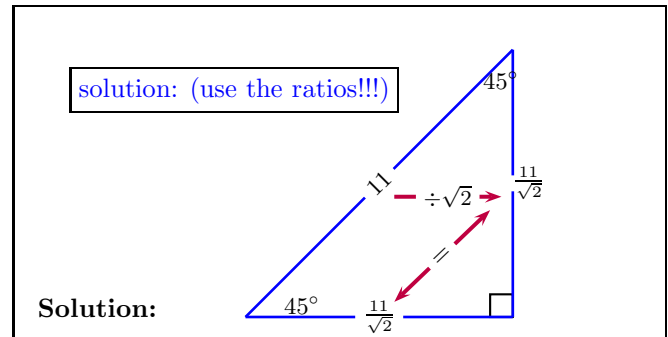
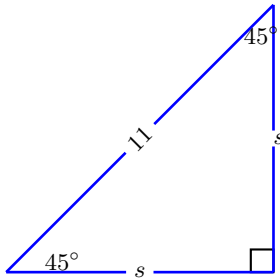


7. Observer the following 45-45 Triangle, with only one side given, then determine the other two sides.

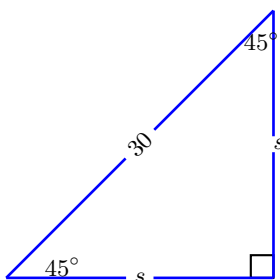


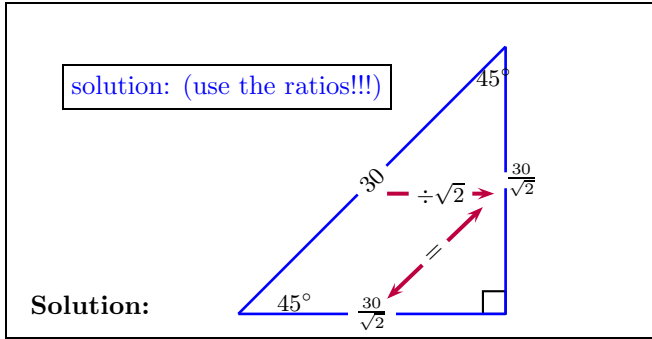


8. Observer the following 45-45 Triangle, with only one side given, then determine the other two sides.

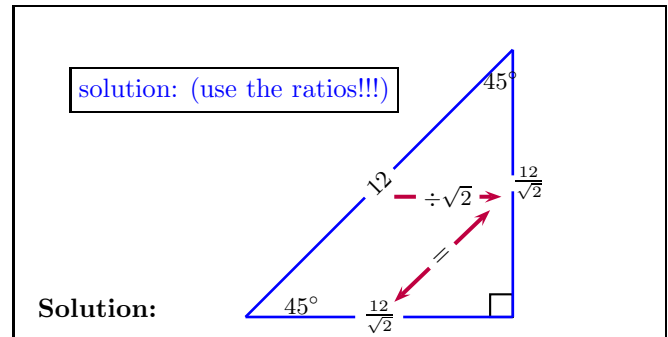
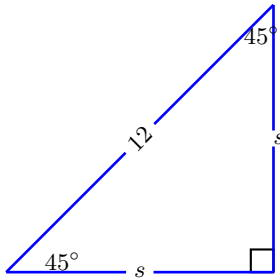


9. Observer the following 45-45 Triangle, with only one side given, then determine the other two sides.

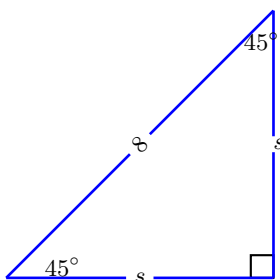


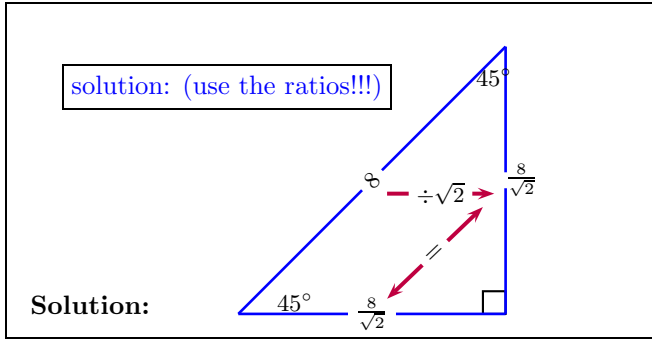


10. Observe the following 45-45 Triangle, with only one side given, then determine the other two sides.

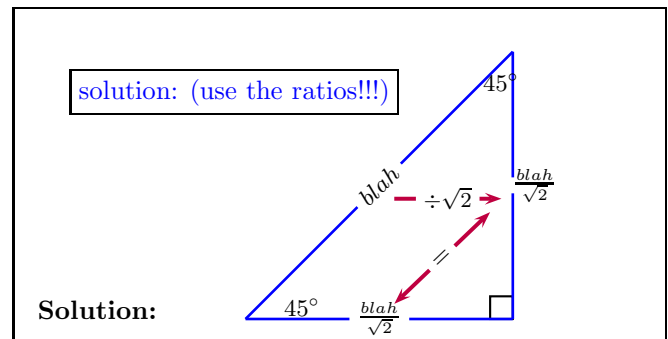
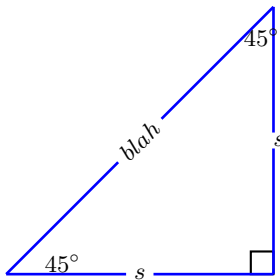


11. Observe the following 45-45 Triangle, with only one side given, then determine the other two sides.





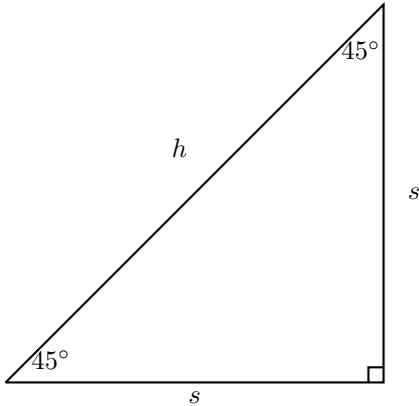
12. Observer the following 45-45 Triangle, with only one side given, then determine the other two sides.



13. Prove the 45-45 Theorem

**Solution: OWN IT!** Why is  $h = \sqrt{2}$  ?

At the heart of the 45.45 Theorem is the Pythagoras Theorem. To see why this is true, we simply begin with a typical 45.45 triangle, and apply Pythagoras.



$$s^2 + s^2 = h^2$$

$$2s^2 = h^2$$

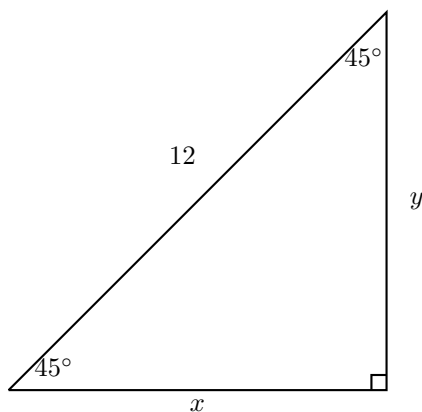
$$\pm\sqrt{2s^2} = h$$

$$\pm s\sqrt{2} = h$$

For 'size' we will use the positive length thus

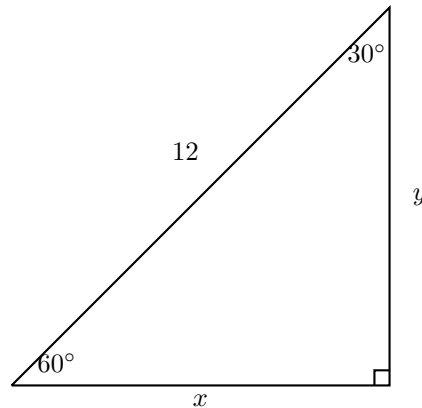
$$s\sqrt{2} = h$$

14. Solve the following triangle or state that we have not yet learned how to solve this type of triangle. [may not be drawn to scale]



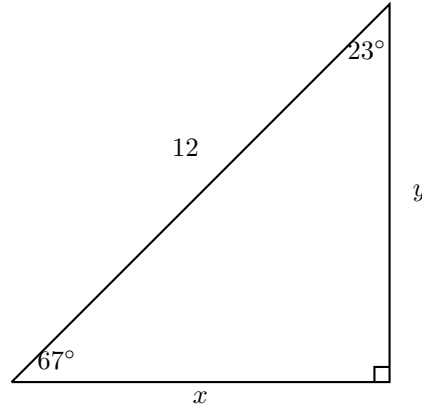
**Solution:**  $y = \frac{12}{\sqrt{2}}$      $x = \frac{12}{\sqrt{2}}$

15. Solve the following triangle or state that we have not yet learned how to solve this type of triangle. [may not be drawn to scale]



**Solution:**  $y = \frac{12}{2} \cdot \sqrt{3}$      $x = \frac{12}{2}$

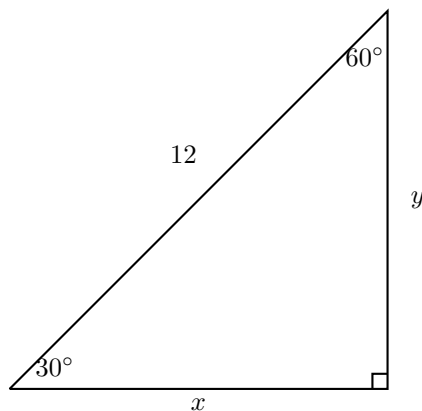
16. Solve the following triangle or state that we have not yet learned how to solve this type of triangle. [may not be drawn to scale]



**Solution:** don't know the ratios for 23° triangle yet...

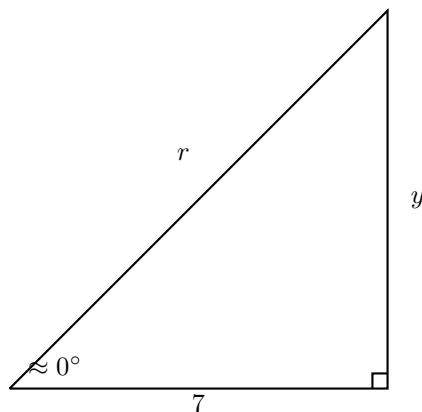
17. Solve the following triangle or state that we have not yet learned how to solve this type of triangle. [may not be drawn to scale]





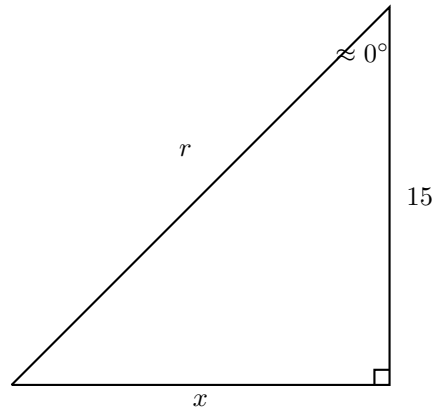
**Solution:**  $y = \frac{12}{2}$      $x = \frac{12}{2} \cdot \sqrt{3}$

18. Solve the following triangle or state that we have not yet learned how to solve this type of triangle. [may not be drawn to scale]



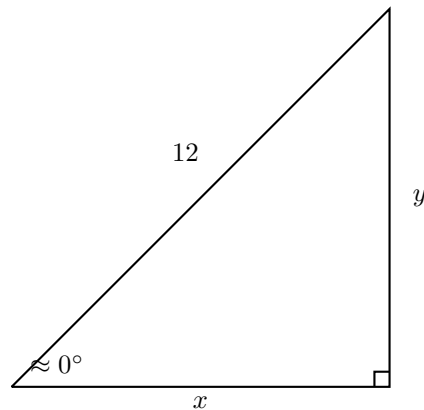
**Solution:**  $r \approx 7$      $y \approx 0$

19. Solve the following triangle or state that we have not yet learned how to solve this type of triangle. [may not be drawn to scale]



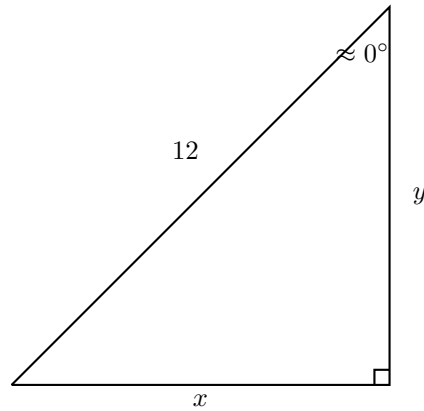
**Solution:**  $r \approx 15$      $x \approx 0$

20. Solve the following triangle or state that we have not yet learned how to solve this type of triangle. [may not be drawn to scale]



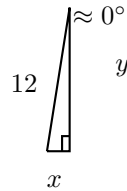
**Solution:**  $x \approx 12$      $y \approx 0$

21. Solve the following triangle or state that we have not yet learned how to solve this type of triangle. [may not be drawn to scale]



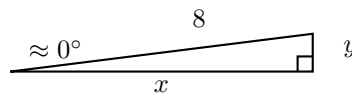
**Solution:**  $y \approx 12$      $x \approx 0$

22. Solve the following triangle or state that we have not yet learned how to solve this type of triangle. [may not be drawn to scale]



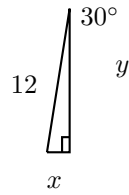
**Solution:**  $x \approx 0$      $y \approx 12$

23. Solve the following triangle or state that we have not yet learned how to solve this type of triangle. [may not be drawn to scale]



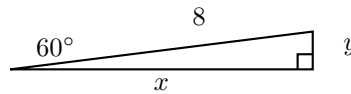
**Solution:**  $x \approx 8$      $y \approx 0$

24. Solve the following triangle or state that we have not yet learned how to solve this type of triangle. [may not be drawn to scale]



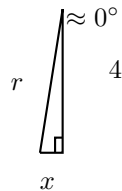
**Solution:**  $x = 6$      $y = 6\sqrt{3}$

25. Solve the following triangle or state that we have not yet learned how to solve this type of triangle. [may not be drawn to scale]



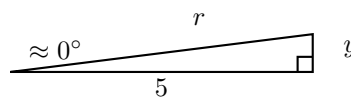
**Solution:**  $x = 4$      $y = 4\sqrt{3}$

26. Solve the following triangle or state that we have not yet learned how to solve this type of triangle. [may not be drawn to scale]



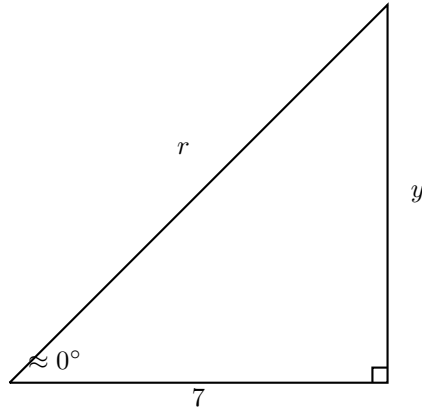
**Solution:**  $x \approx 0$

27. Solve the following triangle or state that we have not yet learned how to solve this type of triangle. [may not be drawn to scale]



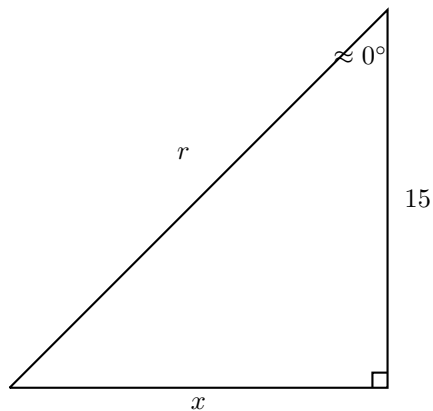
**Solution:**  $r \approx 5$      $y \approx 0$

28. Solve the following triangle or state that we have not yet learned how to solve this type of triangle. [may not be drawn to scale]



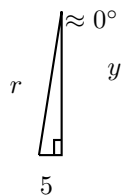
**Solution:**  $y \approx 0$      $r \approx 7$

29. Solve the following triangle or state that we have not yet learned how to solve this type of triangle. [may not be drawn to scale]



**Solution:**  $x \approx 0$      $y \approx 15$

30. What is wrong [if anything] with this picture?



**Solution:** across from approx.  $0^\circ$  should be a side that is approx.  $0$ , NOT  $5$